




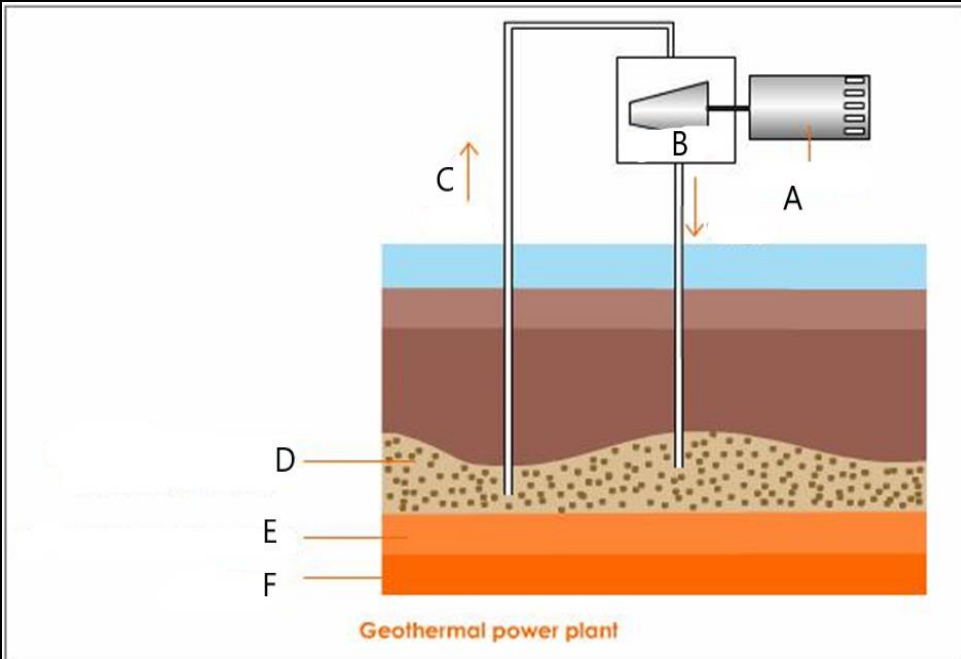
INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCE
MID TERM ASSESSMENT: 2021-2022
REVISION WORK SHEET

CLASS: VIII

SECTION – A (HISTORY)	
I	Choose the Correct Option: -
1	Which one of the following type of surveys are conducted by the British in India? (a) Revenue Surveys (b) Botanical Surveys (c) Zoological Surveys and Archaeological Surveys. (d) All of these.
2	Historians divide Indian History into: - (a) Ancient. (b) Medieval. (c) Modern period. (d) All of these.
3	The Indian Sepoys were unhappy about: - (a) The pay. (b) The allowances. (c) The conditions of service. (d) All of these.
4	Which places were the nodal points of the Regiments of the Indian Sepoys? (a) Delhi. (b) Kanpur. (c) Lucknow. (d) All of these.
II	Fill in the blanks with correct option: -
5	The subjugation of one country by other leads to -----changes. (a) Political. (b) Social. (c) Cultural. (d) All of these.
6	The title, Diwan of Bengal was granted to the East India Company in ----- (a) 1765. (b) 1760. (c) 1780. (d) 1762.
7	The Village Headmen collected revenue under ----- system. (a) The Mahalwari system. (b) The Ryotwari system (c) The Permanent Settlement (d) None of these.
III	State True or False: -
8	The Champaran movement was against the plight of the indigo cultivators. (a) True. (b) False.
9	The Governor-General of India was given the title of Viceroy. (a) True. (b) False.
IV	Match the following: -
10	Nij- (A) Dalhousie
11	Governor- General (B) cultivation on planter's own land
	(C) Cultivation on ryot's lands
	(D) Gomasthas.
V	On the given political outline map of India, identify the places that are marked and answer the following questions: -

			
12	Name the place where the British East India Company established their capital in India (a)Buxar. (b) Calcutta. (c) Goa. (d) Seringapatam.		
13	Name the place where the Portuguese established their base in India. (a)Plassey. (b) Calcutta. (c) Goa. (d) Seringapatam.		
14	Name the place where Tipu Sultan died fighting against the British. (a)Buxar. (b) Calcutta. (c) Goa. (d) Seringapatam.		
	SECTION- B (CIVICS)		
VI	Choose the Correct Option: -		
15	Which one of the following is not a key feature of the Indian Constitution? (a) Separation of Power. (b) Secularism. (c) Presidential form of Government. d) Federalism.		
16	The total number of Elected members in Rajya Sabha is (a) 545. (b) 245. (c) 238. (d) 543.		
17	The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Bill was introduced in the Parliament in- (a) 2002. (b) 2005. (c) 2006. (d) 1994.		
18	All legislative proposals are brought before Parliament in the forms of- (a) Law (b) Act (c) Bill (d) None of these		
VII	Fill in the blanks with correct option: -		
19	India has a -----form of government. (a) Autocratic. (b) Democratic. (c) Bureaucratic. (d) All of these.		
20	-----is the most important symbol of Indian Democracy. (a) President (b) Prime Minister (c) Courts (d) Parliament		
21	The representatives of the Parliament are chosen by the----- (a) People (b) Judiciary (c) Panchayath (d) none of these		
22	The -----played a prominent role in the development of the legal sphere in British India. (a) Indian nationalists (b) Industrialist (c) Portuguese (d) none of these		
23	A bill becomes an Act only after the consent of the----- (a) Prime Minister (b) President (c) Supreme Court (d) Speaker		
VIII	State True or False: -		
24	A written document in which we find rules is called a Constitution.		

	(a) True (b) False	
25	The members of the Rajya Sabha are elected by the people. (a) True (b) False	
IX	Match the following: -	
26	The Lok Sabha (A) 1870	
27	The Sedition Act (B) 543	
	(C) 250	
	(D) 1780	
	SECTION- C (Geography)	
X	Choose the Correct Option: -	
1	Which one of the following substances make a resource? (a) utility. (b) value. (c) quantity. (d) None of these.	
2	Which one of the following is a human-made resource? (a) Medicines to treat cancer. (b) Spring Water. (c) Forests(d) All of these.	
3	Which one of the following is not a factor of soil formation? (a)Time. (b)Soil Texture. (c)Organic matter. (d) Climate.	
XI	Fill in the blanks with correct option: -	
4	Uranium deposits in Ladakh is an example of ----- resources. (a)Actual. (b)Potential. (c) Ubiquitous. (d) None of these.	
5	The most appropriate method to check the soil erosion on steep slopes is ----- (a)Mulching. (b)Shelter Belts. (c) Terrace Cultivation. (d) All of these.	
6	The majority of the land in India is used for (a) Cultivation. (b) Pasture. (c) Forests. (d) None of these.	
XII	State True or False: -	
7	Biotic resources are derived from the living beings. (a)True. (b) False.	
8	Destruction of forest leads to Land degradation. (a)True. (b)False.	
XII	Match the following: -	
9	Air (A) Agriculture.	
10	Land (B) Desert.	
	(C) Ubiquitous resource.	
XIV	On the given diagram identify the parts that are marked and answer the following questions: -	



11	Name the part marked as A in the diagram. (a)Generator. (b) Turbine. (c) Magma. (d) None of these.
12	Name the part marked as F in the diagram. (a)Turbine. (b)Magma. (c)Steam. (d) Water.
13	Name the part marked as B in the diagram. (a)Turbine. (b)Hot water. (c) Steam. (d) Generator.