



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR
DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH (2021-22)

QUESTION BANK – Nelson Mandela Long Walk to Freedom

Class: X

Sub: ENGLISH

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

I. Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow.

We, who were outlaws not so long ago, have today been given the rare privilege to be host to the nations of the world on our own soil.

We thank all of our distinguished international guests for having come to take possession with the people of our country of what is after all a common victory for justice, for peace, for human dignity.

We have, at last, achieved our political emancipation. We pledge ourselves to liberate all our people from the continuing bondage of poverty, deprivation, suffering, gender and other discrimination.

(a) Who does 'we' refer to in the first line of the passage?

- A) People of South Africa** C) Military's loyalty
B) Other racial countries D) White rulers

(b) What did the people of South Africa achieve at last?

- A) an illusion of freedom C) deliverance from poverty
B) political emancipation D) lack of freedom

(c) The word 'bondage' means in the passage.

- A) deprivation B) suffering **C) Slavery** D) discrimination

(d) Give a synonym of 'emancipation'.

- A) Human dignity **B) Liberation** C) Integrity D) Peacetime

II. Read the questions and the choose the appropriate answer:

1- It was a celebration of South Africa's first _____ government.

- A) autocratic, racial
B) democratic, non-racial
C) democratic, racial
D) monarch, non-racial

2- Other countries broke off diplomatic relations with South Africa because of-----

- A) White rulers
- B) Other countries are racial
- C) It is a poor country
- D) Apartheid policy**

3- "We thank all of our distinguished international guests for having come to take possession with the people of our country of what is, after all, a common victory for ____."

- A) justice
- B) peace
- C) human dignity
- D) all of the above**

4- "We have achieved our political emancipation." What is the meaning of emancipation?

- A) freedom from restriction**
- B) enslavement
- C) slavery
- D) both 2 and 3

5- "The structure they created formed the basis of one of the harshest, most inhumane, societies the world has ever known." What structure is Mandela talking about?

- A) Racial domination against the black skinned**
- B) Poverty and suffering
- C) Discrimination against the poor
- D) oppression of women

6- Whom did Mandela wanted to thank but couldn't?

- A) his family and members of his tribe
- B) white rulers and
- C) African patriots who no longer lived**
- D) Military personnel's

7- What did Mandela learn about courage?

- A) it is absence of fear
- B) it is the triumph over fear**
- C) both 1 and 2
- D) none of the above

8- What are a man's obligations in life?

- A) Obligation to people
- B) Obligation to family
- C) Obligation to God
- D) Both 1 and 2

10- What realisations did Mandela have of his boyhood freedom?

- A) it is just an illusion
- B) he was born free
- C) freedom was meant for kids
- D) he had no realisations

11- What began Mandela's hunger for freedom?

- A) the fact that it had already been taken away from him
- B) his obligation towards people
- C) his obligation towards family
- D) he was born to fight the regime

12- Which party did Mandela join?

- A) Indian National Congress
- B) African National Congress
- C) National African Party
- D) he did not join any party