

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

| Class: X | Department: SOCIAL SCIENCE | Date: |
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| REVISION WORK SHEET | Topic: Federalism (Civics) | Year:2021-22 |
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I.CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION:-

- 1. The Union List includes subjects such as:
- (a) Education, forests, trade unions, marriages, adoption and succession.
- (b) Police, trade, commerce, agriculture and irrigation.
- (c) Residuary subjects like computer software.
- (d) Defence, foreign affairs, banking, currency, communication
- 2. The system of Panchayati Raj involves:
- (a) Village, State and Union levels
- (b) Village, District and State levels
- (c) Village and State levels
- (d) Village, Block and District levels
- 3. The number of seats reserved for women in the panchayats and municipalities is:
- (a) one-fourth
- (b) one-third
- (c) half
- (d) one-fifth
- 4. Subjects like computer software comes in the:
- (a) Union List
- (b) State List
- (c) Concurrent List
- (d) Residuary List
- 5. The Constitution of India
- (a) divided powers between centre and states in three lists.
- (b) divided powers between centre and states in two lists.
- (c) listed the powers of the states and left the undefined powers to the state.

- (d) Specified the powers of the states and left the residuary powers with the centre.
- 6. In case of a clash between the laws made by the centre and a state on a subject in the concurrent list:
- (a) the state law prevails.
- (b) the central law prevails.
- (c) both the laws prevail within their respective jurisdictions.
- (d) the Supreme Court has to intervene to decide.
- 7. What are the kinds of routes through which federations have been formed?
- (a) One route involves independent states coming together on their own to form a bigger unit
- (b) The second route is where a large country decides to divide its powers between the states and the national government
- (c) Both a and b
- (d) None of these
- 8. Which period saw the rise of regional political parties in many states of the country?
- (a) Period after 1990
- (b) Period after 2000
- (c) Period after 1980
- (d) Period after 1970
- 9. Which language is recognised as the national language by the Constitution of India?
- (a) Hindi
- (b) English
- (c) Tamil
- (d) None of these
- 10. Which of the following subjects is not included in the Union list?
- (a) Defence
- (b) Foreign affairs
- (c) Police
- (d) Banking
- II. In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option:
- 1. **Assertion (A):** The subjects which are not included in the Union List, State List and Concurrent List are considered as Residuary subjects.

Reason (R): The subjects included that came after constitution was made and thus could not be classified.

Options:

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

- C. A is true but R is false.
- D. A is false but R is true.

Ans: A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

2. Assertion (A): Third-tier of government is local government.

Reason (R): It made democracy weak.

Options:

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- C. A is true but R is false.
- D. A is false but R is true.

Ans: C. A is true but R is false.

3. Assertion (A): India has a federal system

Reason (R): Under a Unitary system, either there is only one level of government or the sub-units are subordinate to Central government.

Options:

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- C. A is true but R is false.
- D. A is false but R is true.

Ans: B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

III. WRITE TRUE OR FALSE

1. 1980s was the era of Coalition government.

Ans: False

2. Second test for the Indian federation was the language policy.

Ans: True

3. In 'coming together federations' all the constituent States usually have equal power and are equally strong.

Ans: True

4. USA is an example of 'holding together federation'

Ans: False

5. The legislature plays an important role in overseeing the implementation of constitutional provisions and procedures.

Ans: False

IV. FILL IN THE BLANK 1. First major test of democratic politics in our country was the creation of -----**Ans: Linguistic states** 2. Under the ----- system either there is only one level of government or the sub-units are subordinate to the Central government. **Ans: Unitary** 3. -----List includes subjects of national importance such as defence of the country, foreign affairs etc. **Ans: Union** 4. -----have the power to interpret the constitution and the powers of different levels of government. **Ans: Courts** 5. Both the Union as well as the State government can make laws on the subjects mentioned in the -----list. **Ans: Concurrent list**