



# INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

<b>Class: X</b>	<b>Department: SOCIAL SCIENCE</b>	<b>Date of submission:</b>
<b>WORK SHEET</b>	<b>Topic: Federalism (Civics)</b>	<b>Year:2021-22</b>

## I. CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION

1. The Union List includes subjects such as:

- (a) Education, forests, trade unions, marriages, adoption and succession.
- (b) Police, trade, commerce, agriculture and irrigation.
- (c) Residuary subjects like computer software.
- (d) Defence, foreign affairs, banking, currency, communication**

2. The system of Panchayati Raj involves:

- (a) Village, State and Union levels
- (b) Village, District and State levels
- (c) Village and State levels
- (d) Village, Block and District levels**

3. The number of seats reserved for women in the panchayats and municipalities is:

- (a) one-fourth
- (b) one-third**
- (c) half
- (d) one-fifth

4. Subjects like computer software comes in the:

- (a) Union List
- (b) State List
- (c) Concurrent List
- (d) Residuary List**

5. The Constitution of India

- (a) divided powers between centre and states in three lists.**
- (b) divided powers between centre and states in two lists.
- (c) listed the powers of the states and left the undefined powers to the state.
- (d) Specified the powers of the states and left the residuary powers with the centre.

6. In case of a clash between the laws made by the centre and a state on a subject in the concurrent list:

- (a) the state law prevails.
- (b) the central law prevails.**
- (c) both the laws prevail within their respective jurisdictions.
- (d) the Supreme Court has to intervene to decide.

7. What are the kinds of routes through which federations have been formed?

- (a) One route involves independent states coming together on their own to form a bigger unit
- (b) The second route is where a large country decides to divide its powers between the states and the national government
- (c) Both a and b**
- (d) None of these

8. Which period saw the rise of regional political parties in many states of the country?

- (a) Period after 1990**
- (b) Period after 2000
- (c) Period after 1980
- (d) Period after 1970

9. Which language is recognised as the national language by the Constitution of India?

- (a) Hindi
- (b) English
- (c) Tamil
- (d) None of these**

10. Which of the following subjects is not included in the Union list?

- (a) Defence
- (b) Foreign affairs
- (c) Police**
- (d) Banking