

## INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: VII		Department: Social Science		
Worksheet No: 4		Topic: New Kings and Kingdoms	Year: 2021-22	
1	Multiple Choice Questions: -			
1	Brahmanas often received land grants named as			
	a) Jagir b) <b>brahmadeya</b> c) devadana d) none of these			
2	Who was considered as the most powerful Chola ruler?			
	a) <b>Rajaraja 1</b> b) Rajendra 1 c) Babur d) Akbar			
3	Prashastis were composed by			
	a) kings b) samantas c) learned brahmanas d) army men			
4	Who were expected to bring gifts for their kings in 17th century?			
	a) Samantas b) Overlords c) Maha-samantas d) Maha-mandaleshvara			
5	Who invaded the Somnath temple in Gujarat?			
	a) Akbar b) Muhammad Ghori c) <b>Mahmud Ghazni</b> d) None of them			
	Fill in the blanks: -			
6	Chahamanas ruled over the region around and			
7	Ans: Delhi and Ajmer			
/	wrote the Arabic work known as Kitab al-Hind. Ans: al -Biruni			
8	Most of the Brahmadeya land was in valley.			
	Ans: Kaveri			
9	Kalhana wrote a long poem in Sanskrit containing the history of kings who ruled over			
	Ans: Kashmir			
10	A group of Ur formed larger units called			
	Ans: Nadu			
III	Write True or False: -			
11	The Palas ruled over present state of Tamil Nadu.			
	Ans: False			
12	In the mid of 8th century Dantidurga overthrew his Chola ruler.			
	Ans: False			
13	• .	Thanjavur and Gangaikondacholapuram were built	by Rajaraja and Rajendra.	
	Ans: True			
14		d Ghori defeated Prithviraja III in 1191.		
11/	Ans: False Very short answer type questions: -			
<b>IV</b> 15				
12	Who were 'Maha-samantas'? The samantas who got power and wealth were also called 'maha-samantas'.			
16	What was 'Sabha'?			
10	An assembly of prominent Brahmanas that looked after brahmadeya was called sabha.			
17 Who was Kadamba Mayurasharman?				

	The Kadamba Mayurasharman was Brahmana who gave up traditional profession and took to arm,			
	successfully establishing kingdom in Karnataka.			
18	Who was Mahmud Ghazni?			
	Sultan Mahmud of Ghazni was the one of the best-known rulers of the Afghanistan.			
	He ruled from 997 to 1030 A.D.			
V	Answer in brief: -			
19	Who were Samantas? What service did they provide to the existing kings?			
	<ul> <li>Samantas were big landlords or warrior-chiefs in different regions of the subcontinent.</li> <li>Existing kings considered them as their subordinates.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Samantas brought gifts for their kings or overlords.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>They remained present at their courts or functions organized by them.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>They provided them with military support.</li> </ul>			
20	Write a short note on Brahmadeya.			
20	<ul> <li>The term brahmadeya means land gifted to Brahmanas.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Each brahmadeya was looked after by an assembly or sabha of prominent Brahmana</li> </ul>			
	landholders.			
	These assemblies worked very efficiently.			
	• Their decisions were recorded in detail in inscriptions, often on the stone walls of temples.			