



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: VII	Department: ENGLISH	Date of Submission: APRIL 2021
Answer Key No. 2	Topic: THE FOG	Note: To be written in the notebook

Exercise 1:

I. Mark these sentences as true (T) or false (F).

1. The fog becomes so thick that the author cannot see. **T**
2. Fog makes it easy to judge distance. **F**
3. The cars have stopped moving because it is night. **F**
4. The man who leads the child home finds his way because he travels through this area every day. **T**
5. The fog behaves like a living thing, grabbing the child's throat. **T**
6. The poet is lost. **T**

Exercise 2:

II. Answer the following questions:

1. What is the setting of the poem, The Fog by William Henry Davies?
A. The setting of the poem is a foggy street in London.
2. What was the effect of the fog on the poet's senses?
A. The poet sees 'the fog grow thick' in front of his eyes. This 'soon made blind his ken', which means, making him almost blind, by affecting his senses. The fog 'made tall men of boys, and giants of tall men' as it affected his vision.
3. Why did the man in the poem, The Fog, rap the stones?
A. The man was actually blind and so he rapped the stones to find the way.

4. How do you think the poet realized that the man whose help he had sought was actually blind? What do you think the poet learnt from this experience?
- A. The poet realizes that the person who had helped him was blind because he was rapping the stones in front of him while walking. This experience makes him realize that we as human beings trust only those things that we can see and question unseen things like love, faith, belief, religion, etc.

Exercise 3:

III. Choose the correct option to support your answer.

1. The poet explains a trip on this particular street of London when it was _____.
 - a. drizzling
 - b. raining
 - c. very foggy
 - d. snowing

2. The effect of the thick fog on the poet's senses was that,
 - a. he became permanently blind.
 - b. babies became giants.
 - c. tall men became giants.
 - d. none of the above.

3. To the speaker the street lights looked like-
 - a. monsters' eyes
 - b. heavenly stars
 - c. burning balls of fire
 - d. all of the above

4. To find his way home, the speaker followed –
 - a. a friend of his
 - b. a horseman
 - c. a child
 - d. a blind man

5. The actual meaning of this poem is-

- a. how the people trust only what they literally see.
- b. how scary is fog.
- c. how one can become blind permanently in thick fog.
- d. none of the above

Exercise 4:

IV. Choose the correct spelling of the words whose meanings are:

- 1. grasped tightly
 - a. **CLUTCHED**
 - b. KLUTCHED
 - c. CLUCTHED
 - d. CLUCHTED

- 2. sight, awareness
 - a. KIN
 - b. **KEN**
 - c. KENN
 - d. None of the above

- 3. rapped
 - a. STRICK
 - b. STIREK
 - c. **STRIKE**
 - d. SRITKE
