



**INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR**  
**Class IX, Mathematics Worksheet- NUMBER SYSTEM**  
**25-04-2021**

**OBJECTIVE TYPE (1 Mark)**

Q.1.	A real number which is non-terminating and non-recurring decimal expansion.					
	A      0.125	B      0.121221222...	C      0.454545.....	D      2.478478		
Q.2.	Which of the following expresses $0.\overline{156}$ in the form $\frac{p}{q}$ , where p and q are integers and $q \neq 0$ .					
	A $\frac{47}{400}$	B $\frac{47}{100}$	C $\frac{46}{300}$	D $\frac{47}{300}$		
Q.3.	The equivalent of $\sqrt{12} \times \sqrt{8}$					
	A $4\sqrt{6}$	B $2\sqrt{6}$	C $4\sqrt{5}$	D $3\sqrt{6}$		
Q.4.	If $d > 0$ and $d^2 = c$ , then find the value of $\sqrt{c}$					
	A $d^2c$	B $d^2$	C $d$	D $d^4$		
Q.5.	The value of $\sqrt[4]{625^{-2}}$ is					
	A $\frac{1}{25}$	B $\frac{1}{50}$	C      50	D      25		
Q.6.	If $x = 5$ and $y = 2$ , then the value of $(x^y + y^x)^{-1}$					
	A      29	B $\frac{1}{29}$	C      57	D $\frac{1}{57}$		
Q.7.	Simplify $\frac{6 - 4\sqrt{3}}{6 + 4\sqrt{3}}$ by rationalizing the denominator.					
	A $4\sqrt{3} - 7$	B $4\sqrt{3} + 7$	C $7\sqrt{3} - 4$	D $7\sqrt{3} + 4$		
Q.8.	Taking $\sqrt{2} = 1.414$ and $\pi = 3.141$ , evaluate $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \pi$					
	A      4.848	B      4.555	C      3.848	D      3.555		
Q.9.	Find a and b if $\frac{1 - \sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{3}} = a + b\sqrt{3}$					
	A      a = 2, b = -1	B      a = -1, b = 2	C      a = 1, b = -2	D      a = -2, b = 1		

<b>Q.10.</b>	The value of $\sqrt{63} + \sqrt{112} + \sqrt{147}$ is							
	A	$7\sqrt{7} + 7\sqrt{3}$	B	$4\sqrt{7} + 7\sqrt{3}$	C	$7\sqrt{7} + 4\sqrt{3}$	D	$4\sqrt{7} + 4\sqrt{3}$
<b>Q.11.</b>	The rationalizing factor of $\frac{5\sqrt{3} - 9\sqrt{2}}{5\sqrt{3} + 9\sqrt{2}}$ is							
	A	$5\sqrt{3} + 9\sqrt{2}$	B	$9\sqrt{2} + 5\sqrt{3}$	C	$5\sqrt{3} - 9\sqrt{2}$	D	$9\sqrt{2} - 5\sqrt{3}$
<b>Q.12.</b>	Addition of two irrational number is							
	A	Rational	B	Irrational	C	Integers	D	Both (A) and (B)
<b>Q.13.</b>	The value of $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3})$ is							
	A	5	B	-1	C	-5	D	1
<b>Q.14.</b>	The simplified form of $\left(-\frac{1}{27}\right)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$ is							
	A	9	B	27	C	$\frac{1}{27}$	D	$\frac{1}{9}$
<b>Q.15.</b>	If a, b, c are positive real numbers, then $\sqrt[5]{3125a^{10}b^5c^{10}}$ is equal to							
	A	$5a^2bc^2$	B	$25a^2bc^2$	C	$125a^2bc^2$	D	$5a^2c^2$

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## Answers

<b>Answers</b>	1	0.121221222...	2	$\frac{47}{300}$	3	$4\sqrt{6}$	4	$d$
	5	$\frac{1}{25}$	6	$\frac{1}{57}$	7	$4\sqrt{3} - 7$	8	3.848
	9	$a = -2, b = 1$	10	$7\sqrt{7} + 7\sqrt{3}$	11	$5\sqrt{3} - 9\sqrt{2}$	12	Both (A) and (B)
	13	-1	14	9	15	$5a^2bc^2$		