

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: VIII Worksheet No: 2		Department: SOCIAL SCIENCE Topic: RESOURCES	Date of submission:	
			Year : 2021-22	
	Multiple Choice Questions:-			
1	The physical factors of distribution of the natural resources are- a) Climate. b) Terrain. c) Altitude. d) All of these.			
2	Soils, rocks and minerals are- a) Abiotic resources . b) Biotic resources. c) Localized resources. d) None of these.			
3	The classification of actual and potential resources is based on a) Origin. b) Distribution. c) Development . d) None of these.			
4	Which one of the following is an example of unlimited renewable resource? a) Water . b) Petroleum. c) Coal. d) All of these.			
5	The rich deposits of coal in Ruhr region of Germany is a) Actual resources . b) Ubiquitous resources. c) Potential resources. d) All of these.			
	Fill in the blanks:-			
6	 is a non-renewable resource. a) Solar energy. b) Natural gas. c) Water. d) None of these. 			
7	Resource found everywhere is called a) Potential Resource. b) Biotic Resource. c) Ubiquitous Resource. d) All of these.			
8				
9	A substance becomes a resource if it has			
	a) Size. b) Volume. c) Quantity. d) Utility.			
11	Write True or False:-			
10	Anything that can be used to satisfy human needs is a resource. a) True. b) False.			
11	Resources that are found in certain places are called localized resources. a) True. b) False.			
12	If a substance can be used in any way, it is said to have a utility. a) True. b) False.			
V	Answer in brie	f.		
13	What are Natural Resources?			
	Resources that are drawn from nature and used without much modification are calle natural resources.			
	The air we breathe, the water in rivers and lakes, the soils, minerals are all nature resources.			
	 Many of these resources are free gifts of nature and can be used directly. In some cases, tools and technology may be needed to use the natural resources in the best possible way. 			

14	How time and technology are important in making substances resources?			
	Time and technology are the important factors in making substances resources.			
	With time, technology develops.			
	As technology develops, we begin to discover new ways to make life better.			
	► In this process, certain substances which were useless to us earlier become useful now.			
	An invention and discovery gives us new resources. An example is hydroelectricity.			
	This technology has made water as a source of generating electricity.			
15	What are Abiotic resources?			
	Abiotic resources comprise of non-living things like land, water, air and minerals such as gold, iron, copper and silver.			
	Abiotic resources are not renewable, as they can be exhausted by excessive use and their rate of formation is very slow.			
	Their total reserve cannot be increased by human efforts.			
	These resources are in great demand for the development of industries.			