

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: VI	DEPARTMENT: SCIENCE 2020 -21	DATE: 4-02-2021
Textbook Exercises With answers	TOPIC: FUN WITH MAGNETS	NOTE: A4 FILE FORMAT
NAME OF THE STUDENT	CLASS & SEC:	ROLL NO.

- 1. Fill in the blanks in the following:
- (i) Artificial magnets are made in different shapes such as_____, and_____.
- (ii) The materials which are attracted towards a magnet are called______.
- (iii) Paper is not a_____ material.
- (iv) In olden days, sailors used to find direction by suspending a piece of _____.
- (v) A magnet always has _____poles.

Ans:

- (i) bar magnet, horse-shoe magnet and cylindrical magnet
- (ii) magnetic materials
- (iii) magnetic
- (iv) magnet
- (v) two
- 2. State whether the following statements are true or false:
- (i) A cylindrical magnet has only one pole.
- (ii) Artificial magnets were discovered in Greece.
- (iii) Similar poles of a magnet repel each other.
- (iv) Maximum iron filings stick in the middle of a bar magnet when it is brought near them.
- (v) Bar magnets always point towards North-South direction.
- (vi) A compass can be used to find East-West direction at any place.
- (vii) Rubber is a magnetic material.

Ans:

- (i) False
- (ii) False
- (iii) True
- (iv) False
- (v) True
- (vi) True
- (vii) False

3. It was observed that a pencil sharpener gets attracted by both the poles of a magnet although its body is made of plastic. Name a material that might have been used to make some part of it.

Ans: Iron might have been used to make some part of sharpener due to which it is attracted toward magnet.

4. Column I shows different positions in which one pole of a magnet is placed near that of the other. Column II indicates the resulting action between them for each situation. Fill in the blanks.

Ans:

Column I	Column II
N-N	
N	Attraction
S-N	
S	Repulsion

Column I	Column II
N-N	Repulsion
N-S	Attraction
S-N	Attraction
S-S	Repulsion

5. Write any two properties of a magnet.

Ans: Two properties of magnets are:

- (i) A magnet has two poles: North pole and South pole.
- (ii) Like poles repel each other and unlike poles attract each other.

6. Where are poles of a bar magnet located?

Ans: Poles are located on the two ends of bar magnet.

7. A bar magnet has no markings to indicate its poles. How would you find out near which end is its north pole located?

Ans: Take the bar magnet and suspend it freely with the help of a thread, the end that points towards north pole will be regarded as north end of the magnet. Take a bar magnet with known/marked poles on it. Let the north pole of the magnet be brought closer to the suspended magnet at the end that is pointing towards north, if it shows repulsion than it is confirmed.

- 8. You are given iron strip. How will you make it into a magnet?
- (i) Take an iron strip which is to be magnetised.
- (ii) Keep it on a wooden table.
- (iii) Hold one end of a bar magnet in your hand and keep the other end of bar magnet near one edge of iron strip.
- (iv)Without lifting, move it along the length of iron strip till you reach the other edge.
- (v) After reaching the end of iron strip, lift the bar magnet and bring it to the same position and repeat the process again and again.
- (vi) Bring some iron filings near the iron strip to check whether it has become a magnet. If not, continue the same process for some more time.



9. How is compass used to find direction?

Ans: A compass is a small case of glass. A magnetised needle is pivoted inside the box. The needle can rotate freely. Compass also has a dial with directions marked on it. The compass is kept at the place where we want to know the directions. When the needle comes to rest it indicates north-south direction. The compass is then rotated until the north and south marked on the dial are at the two ends of the needle. Usually different colours are used to point the ends of needle to identify the north and the south poles.

10. A magnet was brought from different directions towards a toy boat that has been floating in water in a tub. Effect observed in each case is stated in Column I. Possible reason for the observed effects are mentioned in Column II. Match the statements given in Column I with those in Column II.

Column I	Column II
Boat gets attracted towards the magnet.	Boat is fitted with a magnet with north pole towards its head.
Boat is not affected by the magnet.	Boat is fitted with a magnet with south pole towards its head.
Boat moves towards the magnet if	Boat has a small magnet fixed
north pole of the magnet is brought near its head.	along its length.
Boat moves away from the magnet when north pole is brought near its head.	Boat is made of magnetic material.
Boat floats without changing its direction.	Boat is made up of non-magnetic material.

Ans:-

Column I	Column II
 Boat gets attracted towards the magnet. 	Boat is made up of magnetic material.
2. Boat is not affected by the magnet.	Boat is made of non-magnetic material.
Boat moves towards the magnet if north pole of the magnet is brought near its head.	Boat is fitted with a magnet with south pole towards its head.
 Boat moves away from the magnet when north pole is brought near its head. 	Boat is fitted with a magnet with north pole towards its head.
Boat floats without changing its direction.	Boat has a small magnet fixed along its length.

Prepared by Ms. Sreeja.A	Checked by : HOD - SCIENCE