

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: IX	Department: SOCIA	L SCIENCE	Date of submission:
WORK SHEET	K SHEET Topic: POVERTY AS A CHALLENGE (ECO)		Year:2020-21
CHOOSE THE CORE	RECT OPTION:-		
the educate (a) Prime N (c) Rural Em	ed unemployed youths in r linister Rozgar Yozana	in 1993 to create self-employment rural areas and in small towns? (b) National Rural Employn gramme (d) Swarnajayanti Gram S	nent Guarantee Act
(a) they do r	•	le in the urban areas. (b) food ite (d) people are engaged	·
3. Which two (a) Bihar an (c) Orissa a		be the poorest states? (b) Bihar and Orissa (d) Haryana and Bihar	
	f the following is a social indicator of poverty laid down by the Social Scientists? (b) Illiteracy level (d) Health club membership		
(a) High inco	main cause for the poverty me inequalities oth in population	y in India (b) Less job opportunities (d) All the above.	
(a) Rural ag	s a social group amongst the ricultural labour householed caste and scheduled tr	• •	labour households

7. Which one of the following is the method to estimate the poverty?

(a) Investment Method

(b) Income Method

(c) Capital Method

(d) Human Method

8. Which one of the following helped West Bengal in reducing poverty?

(a) High agricultural growth rate

(b) Good public distribution system

(c) Focus on human resource development

(d) Land reforms

9. How many people were poor in India during 2011-12.

(a) 25 crore (b) 26 crore

(c) 27 crore

(d) 28 crore

10. Nutritional level of food energy is expressed in the form of

(a) calories per day

(b) wheat consumption

(c) rice consumption per day

(d) none of the above

FILL IN THE BLANKS :-

- **11.** The accepted average calorie requirement per person in urban areas in a day is **2100** calories.
- **12.** Every **fourth** person in India is poor.
- 13. Pradhan Mantri Gramodaya Yozana (PMGY) was launched in 2000.
- **14.** During the year 2011-12, the poverty line for a person was fixed at **Rs.816** per month for the rural areas.
- 15. SGSY stands for **Swarnajayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana**.
- **16.** Poverty reduction is the most compelling challenge to India.

DEFINE THE FOLLOWING TERMS: -

17. Poverty

Poverty is a situation in which a person is unable to get the minimum basic necessities of life, i.e., food, clothing and shelter for his or her sustenance.

18. Poverty Line

Poverty line is an indicator of poverty, i.e., it is a level of income which barely meets sustenance.

19. Social Exclusion

It is the process through which individuals or groups are excluded from facilities, benefits and opportunities that the others (their "betters") enjoy.

20. Vulnerability

It describes the greater probability of certain communities like members of a backward castes, handicapped person, etc. becoming or remaining poor in the coming years.