

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

| Class: IX | Department: SOCIAL SCIENCE | Date of submission: |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | Topic: FOREST SOCIETY AND COLONIALISM | Year: 2020-2021 |
| WULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS: - 1. 500 different plant species can be found in one forest patch in (a)Eastern Ghats (b)Amazon (c)Chhattisgarh (d)North American plains 2. Industrialization resulted in loss of what % of forests? (a)9.3% (b)3.9% (c)19.3% (d)13.9% 3. Colonial state regarded forests as (a) No man's land (b) Unproductive and wilderness (c) Source of revenue (d) Sign of balanced Eco-system 4. Why did colonists need durable timber? (a) To build ships for the Royal Navy (b) To construct bridges (c) For furniture (d) To build beautiful homes 5. Each mile of railway track required (a) Between 1670-2200 sleepers (b) 3 to 5 sleepers (c) 1760-2000 sleepers (d) 35,000 trees 6. Which of the following was true under colonial rule? (a) Forest people retained customary right of hunt (b) Scale of hunting increased (c) Scale of hunting increased (d) Killing of large animals was discouraged 7.Birsa Munda belonged to (a) A | | |

8. Which of the following was not a feature of blandongdiensten system?

- (a) Rent exemption
- (b) Free labour and buffaloes for cutting forests
- (c) Right to cultivate forest land
- (d) Free labour for transportation

9. Fee paid by people from one village to another

- (a) Grazing tax
- (b) Rent
- (c) devsari
- (d) mand

10. Which of the following was not a method adopted by Saminists?

- (a) Lying down on the land
- (b) Refusing to pay taxes and fines
- (c) Refusing to perform labour
- (d) Flogging the Dutch

11. Which of the following is a new development in forestry?

- (a) Conservation of forests
- (b) Collecting timber
- (c) Scientific forestry
- (d) Keeping communities away from forests

12. Which among the following is the main reason for survival of some dense forests in

India?

- (a) Conservationists
- (b) Environmentalists
- (c) Scientific forestry
- (d) Villages protected them as sacred grooves

13. The scorched earth policy was followed by

- (a) Japanese in Java
- (b) British in India
- (c) French in Vietnam
- (d) Dutch in Java

14. Why did the government decided to ban shifting cultivation?

- (a) To grow trees for railway timber
- (b) When a forest was burnt, there was a danger of destroying valuable timber.
- (c) Difficulties for the government to calculate taxes
- (d) All the above reasons
