



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

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Fill in the blanks:

- The judges of Supreme Court are appointed by _____**
(a) President
(b) Prime minister
(c) Chief Justice
(d) Law Minister
- The president of India is elected by _____**
(a) Direct Election by citizens ... 18 years of age
(b) **Indirect Election by the Electoral College**
(c) The Prime Minister and the Council of Ministers
(d) None of the above
- The Council of Ministers at the Centre is responsible to**
- (a) The President (b) **the Prime Minister** (c) The Rajya Sabha (d) the Lok Sabha
- Once the Lok Sabha passes the budget of the government or any other money related law, the Rajya Sabha cannot reject it. The Rajya Sabha can only delay it by _____
(a) **14 days**
(b) 15 days
(c) 16 days
(d) 17 days
- _____ acts as the guardian of Fundamental Rights.
(a) District Courts
(b) **Supreme Court**
(c) Election Commission
(d) Legislature
- The government formed by an alliance of two or more political parties called _____
(a) Cooperation government
(b) **Coalition government**
(c) Consensus government
(d) Cooperative government
- The political executive have more powers than the permanent executive _____
(a) Because hardly any expertise is required in taking policy decisions
(b) **Because political executive consists of the direct representatives of the people**
(c) Political leaders are more educated
(d) None of the above

9. **The presiding officer of the Lok Sabha _____**
a) **Speaker**
b) Vice President
c) President
d) Prime Minister
10. **A judge of the Supreme Court be removed _____**
a) By the Supreme Court itself
b) **By the Parliament through impeachment**
c) By the President alone
d) By the Police
11. **The President appoints _____ as the Prime Minister.**
a) Anyone he likes
b) **Leader of the majority party**
c) MP who has secured the largest number of votes
d) None of the above

MULTIPLE CHOICE:

- .1. When was the Second Backward Class Commission appointed?**
(a) 1989 (b) 1979
(c) 1999 (d) 2001
- 2. What does the Supreme Court say over the Parliament's power of amendment of the Constitution?**
(a) Parliament can amend the entire Constitution
(b) Parliament can amend only the basic structure of the Constitution
(c) Parliament cannot amend the basic structure of the Constitution
(d) None of the above
- 3. What is a Public Interest Litigation?**
(a) Filing a case in the court in the interest of the public
(b) Reviewing of Supreme Court judgements
(c) Procedure of removal of a judge
(d) None of the above
- 4. In what ways Lok Sabha exercises Supreme Power over Rajya Sabha?**
(i) Lok Sabha exercises more powers on money matter.
(ii) Lok Sabha controls the President of India
(iii) During the joint session final decision is taken by Lok Sabha because of its larger number of members
(iv) It guides the functioning of Rajya Sabha.
a) (i) and (iv)
b) (i) and (iii)
c) (ii) and (iv)
d) All above
- 5. Why did people react strongly to the Mandal Commission Report?**
a) It left out many backward communities
b) It affected thousands of job opportunities
c) Some high castes wanted to be included in it
d) Both (a) and (c)

6. Which of these is correct so far as powers of the Parliament are concerned, apart from Making laws?

- (a) Exercising control over the government
- (b) Controlling finance of the country
- (c) Serving as the highest forum of discussion and debate
- (d) All the above

7. Apart from Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha, who else constitutes the Parliament?

- (a) Prime Minister
- (b) Chief Minister
- (c) Governor
- (d) President

8. What happens if there is a difference of opinion between Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha over an ordinary bill?

- (a) The President decides the matter
- (b) The will of Rajya Sabha prevails
- (c) There is a joint sitting of the two Houses
- (d) the bill is cancelled

9. What is the power of the Supreme Court to judge the constitutional validity of a law passed by the Parliament or an action of the Executive called?

- a) Judicial Revision
- b) Judicial Review
- c) Judicial Consent
- d) Judicial Permission

10. Who among the following is a part of the political executive?

- a) Home Minister
- b) District Collector
- c) Secretary of the Ministry of Home Affairs
- d) Director General of Police

MCQS ANSWERS

1.b, 2.c, 3.a, 4.b, 5.b, 6.d, 7.d, 8.c, 9.b, 10.a.