

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: VII	Department: ENGLISH	Date of Submission: September, 2020
REVISION WORKSHEET	MID TERM ASSESSMENT	Section A & B- Objective Section C & D- Descriptive

Section A- Reading Comprehension (20 Marks)

QI Read the following passage carefully:

An owl is a bird. There are two basic types of owls: typical owls and barn owls. Owls live in almost every country of the world. They are mostly nocturnal, meaning they are awake at night. Owls are predators—they hunt the food that they eat. They hunt for mice and other small mammals, insects and even fish. They are well adapted for hunting. Their soft, fluffy feathers make their flight nearly silent. They have very good hearing which helps them to hunt well in the darkness. The sharp hooked beaks and claws of the owl makes it very easy to tear apart their prey quickly, although owls also eat some prey whole. They are extremely good at stalking their prey, patiently waiting for the right time to swoop down and get them. They can get prey that is in the water, on land, and in some circumstances even under ground. With their powerful talons they can pick up food and continue in flight.

Owls sometimes hide their food. They capture prey and use their bill to carefully stuff the food into a hiding spot. This is called caching (pronounced CASH-ing). Owls might cache prey in holes in trees, in the forks of tree branches, behind rocks, or in clumps of grass. Owls do this when the hunting is good in order to stock up and will usually go back for the prey within a day or two.

Owl's eyes are unusual. Like most predators, both the eyes of the owl face front. The owl cannot move its eyes. Owls are far—sighted, which means they can see very well far away but they can't see close very well. Fortunately, their distant vision is what they use for hunting and they can see far away even in low light. They have facial disks around their eyes, tufts of feathers in a circle around each eye. These facial disks are thought to help the owl's hearing. Owls can turn their heads 180 degrees. This makes it look like they might be able to turn their heads all the way around, but 180 degrees is all the owl needs to see what's going on all around it. Perhaps because of the Owl's mysterious appearance, especially its round eyes and flexible neck, there are a lot of myths and superstitions about owls. Many cultures believe that owls are unusually wise. Because owls are nocturnal, some cultures associate owls with bad omens. The screech of the barn owl is considered by many to sound eerily human, like a person screaming. However, owls probably do not interact with the fates of humans at all. In fact, some owl species may become extinct because of humans.

Answer the following questions by selecting the most appropriate option: 1: Which of the following is not true about owls?

(1x10=10)

(10 marks)

- (b) hunting(c) sleeping(d) name of the
- (d) none of these

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 3: The purpose of this short article is	
 4: Title for this story can be (a) Owls hunt at night (b) Owls can fly silently (c) Owls are interesting birds. (d) Owls have flexible necks 	
 5: Which of the following is true? (a) The facial disks of the owl help them to see. (b) Owls have a strong, bent beak. (c) Most owls hunt for food during the day. (d) Owls are dangerous to humans. 	
 6: The word 'nocturnal' means (a) Active at night. (b) Active at day time. (c) Deadly. (d) Aggressive. 	
 7: Antonym of the word 'Extinct' is	
 8: Carefully stuff the food into a hiding spot is called	
 9: Owls can pick up food and continue in flight because	
 10: Which of the following is not true? (a) Owls are mostly nocturnal. (b) Their soft, fluffy feathers make their flight nearly silent. (c) Owl can move its eyes. (d) Owls can turn their heads 180 	
QII <u>Read the poem carefully and answer the questions</u> .	(10 marks)
Be the Best	
If you can't be a pine on the top of the hill, Be a scrub in the valley—but be The best little scrub by the side of the rill, Be a bush if you can't be a tree	

If you can't be a bush be a bit of the grass, And some highway happier make;

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If you can't be a muskie But be the liveliest bass			
We can't all be captains.	We can't all be captains, we've got to be crew,		
There's something for al	-		
There's big work to do a			
And the task we must do			
	If you can't be a highway then just be a trait		
If you can't be the sun, b			
It isn't by size that you v	•		
Be the best of whatever	you are!		
1. What is the poet's to	one in the poem?	(1 x7=7)	
A. Autocrat	•		
B. Critical			
C. Optimist	tic		
2 What should be our	attitude towards our work?		
	er we do, we should always be on the top		
	t do something and not sit idle		
	r we do, we should do it whole heartedly		
2 What is the massage	of the norm?		
3. What is the message	uld try to do one's best.		
	uld try to be a highway not just a trait.		
	uld try to be a captain and not a crew.		
4. Winning does not de	-		
A. Highway	7		
B. Size			
C. Rill			
5. What is the rhyme set	cheme used in the first two stanzas of the poem?		
A. aabb ccde			
B. abab cdco			
C. aabc aabc	c		
6. Choose correct pairs	s of rhyming words from the poem.		
A. here – ne	• • •		
B. make–ba	ass		
C. trait – fai	il		
7 Which word in the n	poem means the same as "piece of work to be done".		
A. Task	form means the same as prece of work to be done.		
B. muskie			
C. trait			
8. Match the following	;	(1 x 3=3)	
<u>COLUMN A</u>	COLUMN B		
	$\frac{COLUMNB}{\Lambda}$		

1 RILL

2 BASS 3 SCRUB

<u>COLUMN B</u>

A) HAPPY B) BUSH C) SMALL STREAM D)LOW VOCAL OR INSTRUMENTAL RANGE

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ot	II D	Section B- Grammar (20 Marks)	(15 5)
-		I the sentences and change the tenses as per the given directions. (did) his work with diligence. (Change into future perfect)	(1x5=5)
1.		done	
	b) has		
	,	ll have done	
2.	· ·	(wait) for us. (Change into present continuous)	
		waiting	
	,	s been waiting	
		ll be waiting	
3.	He	(ride) a horse. (Future continuous)	
	a) wil	ll ride	
	b) wil	l be riding	
	,	l have been riding	
4.	He	(not/tolerate) this injustice. (Change into simple future)	
	,	esn't tolerate	
	,	not tolerate	
_	,	ll not tolerate	
5.		(not/see) Padma for several months. (Change into present perfect)	
	/	sn't seen	
	,	ven't seen	
	c) had	dn't seen	
Q	IV Rea	d the following sentences carefully and identify the tenses:	(1x5=5)
1	Cha d		
1.		oesn't want to go.	
		nple Present Tense	
		nple Past Tense esent Perfect Tense	
2		thought about this.	
2.		esent Continuous Tense	
	,	st Perfect Tense	
		esent Perfect Tense	
3.		been earning a six figure salary.	
		esent Continuous Tense	
	,	st Perfect Continuous Tense	
	c) Pre	esent Perfect Continuous Tense	
4.	I will b	e leaving for England tomorrow.	
	a) Sin	nple Future Tense	
	,	ture Continuous Tense	
	,	ture Perfect Tense	
5.		have written my exercise by then.	
		nple Future Tense	
		ture Perfect Tense	
	c) Fut	ture Continuous Tense	
QV	Fill ir belo	n the blanks with appropriate forms of verb. Choose the answers from the	e options given (1X5=5)
1.		my friends gone to France.	(1210-0)
	a. ha	S	
	b. ha	d	

c. have

d. none	of the	above
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- 2. Each of the boys given a present.
 - a. was
 - b. were
 - c. am
 - d. are
- 3. Neither of the contestantsable to win a decisive victory.
 - a. were
 - b. was
 - c. am
 - d. had
- 4. Oil and water not mix.
 - a. does
 - b. do
 - c. was
 - d. does not
- 5. He and I at Oxford together.
 - a. am
 - b. was
 - c. were
 - d. is

QVI Choose the correct article from the options given below.

(1X5=5)

- 1. Who is girl over there with Mike?
 - a. a
 - b. the
 - c. a/the
 - d. none of the above
- 2. We need a secretary with good knowledge of English.
 - a. a
 - b. the
 - c. a/the
 - d. no article needed
- 3. Miss Lin speaks Chinese.
 - a. a
 - b. the
 - c. an
 - d. no article needed
- 4. What did you do with stereo I lent you?
 - a. a
 - b. the
 - c. an
 - d. no article needed
- 5. Could you close window?
- a. a
- b. The
- c. a/the

Section C- Writing (10 Marks) QVII You were one among the six chosen by the National Sports Channel for an Indian expedition to Mount Everest. Write a diary entry and express your feelings in 100-120 words. (4 marks) QVIII You are the member of the Environment Club of your school. You visited a few places of historical interest. You realized it is the need of the hour to protect our environment. Write a letter to the Editor of a leading newspaper to create awareness among the people. (6 marks) **Section D- Literature (30 Marks) QIX Replace the given phrases/ words with their synonyms:** (1x6=6)(i) cheering to welcome-.... (ii) prominent in an unpleasant manner-.... (iii) poetry of earth-.... (iv) a horse-drawn carriage-.... (v) precariously-.... (vi) in an uneasy way-.... QX Answer ANY THREE questions with reference to context. (9 marks) 1. When all the birds are faint with the hot sun, And hide in cooling trees, a voice will run Explain with reference to the context. 2. I have a headache. a. Who said these words and to whom? b. Did the person really have a headache? Why did he say he had a headache? c. What was the immediate outcome of these words? 3. That's only for memsahibs. a. Who said these words? b. What was the speaker talking about and to whom? c. Why did the speaker say, That's only for memsahibs...?? 4. I am not shouting, Sir. This is my ordinary voice that God has given me. a. Who said this and to whom? b. What did the speaker expect would happen? c. What happened as a result? (3x5=15)**QXI** Answer **ANY FIVE** questions in detail: 1. Why did his eyes become like 'balls of burning lead'? 2. Was Samuel as ruthless as Swami had described him? Give examples in support of your answer. **3.** Why did Binya have to be careful about not starting a landslide? 4. What are the lines that describe how the people in the street behaved? 5. Explain what the speaker means when he says, 'The poetry of earth is ceasing never'. 6. She's somebody's mother, boys you know, For all she's aged ad poor and slow, And I hope some fellow will lend a hand To help my mother, you understand What do you understand from the lines given above?

d. no article needed

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