



# INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

<b>Class: IX</b>	<b>Department: : SOCIAL SCIENCE</b>	<b>Date of submission: 28.05.20</b>
<b>Worksheet No:2</b>	<b>Topic: Physical Features Of India Chapter 2 (GEOGRAPHY)</b>	<b>Note: 2020-21</b>

## A) Multiple choice questions:

1. What are Lesser Himalayas known as?

- (i) Himadri
- (ii) Purvanchal
- (iii) Shivaliks
- (iv) Himachal

2. Which two hills are located in the south-east of Eastern Ghats?

- (i) Mizo Hills and Patkai Hills
- (ii) Shevroy Hills and Javadi Hills
- (iii) Patkai Hills and Naga Hills
- (iv) Mizo Hills and Naga Hills

3. According to the 'Theory of Plate Tectonics,' when some plates come towards each other, which of the following is formed?

- (i) Convergent boundary
- (ii) Divergent boundary
- (iii) Transform boundary
- (iv) None of the Above

4. The Peninsular Plateau of India is part of which of the following landmass?

- (i) Angara land
- (ii) Tethys
- (iii) Gondwanaland
- (iv) None of the Above

5. Which continents of today were part of the Gondwanaland?

- (i) Asia and North America
- (ii) Europe and Asia
- (iii) Europe and Africa
- (iv) Australia and South America

6. Which of the following physiographic divisions of India was formed out of accumulations in the Tethys geosyncline?

- (i) The Himalayas
- (ii) The Peninsular Plateau
- (iii) The Northern Plains
- (iv) The Coastal Plains

7. Geologically, which of the following physiographic divisions of India is supposed to be one of the most stable land blocks?

- (i) The Himalayas
- (ii) The Northern Plains
- (iii) The Peninsular Plateau
- (iv) The Coastal Plains

8. Which Physiographic divisions have rising hills and wide valleys?

- (i) The Himalayan Mountains
- (ii) The Northern Plains
- (iii) The Peninsular Plateau
- (iv) The Coastal Plains

9. Which of the following is the highest peak in India?

- (i) Mt. Everest
- (ii) Nanga Parbat
- (iii) Kanchenjunga
- (iv) Nanda devi

10. In which division of the Himalayas are the famous valleys of Kashmir, Kangra and Kullu located?

- (i) The Himadri
- (ii) The Himachal
- (iii) The Shivaliks
- (iv) Purvanchal

**B) Answer in one or two sentences:**

Q.1.	Name the longitudinal divisions of Himalayas?
Q.2	How are the Himalayas divided regionally or on the basis of river valleys?
Q.3	Which plateau lies between the Aravallies and the Vindhaya range?
Q.4.	Which landform feature was a part of Gondwanaland?

Q.5.	What is a doab?
Q6.	What are riverine islands?

C) Describe the features of Western Ghats and Eastern Ghats in reference to height, slope, continuity and rivers.

**Answer:**

Features	Western Ghats	Eastern Ghats
(i) Height		
(ii) Slope		
(iii) Continuity		
(iv) Rivers		