



# INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

<b>Class: x</b>	<b>Department: SOCIAL SCIENCE</b>	<b>Date of submission:</b>
<b>WORK SHEET-1</b>	<b>Topic :DEVELOPMENT(ECONOMICS)</b>	<b>Year:2020-21</b>

## CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION

1. Development of a country can generally be determined by
  - a) **its per capita income**
  - b) its average literacy level
  - c) the health status of its people
  - c) both a and b
2. Which of the following is true about less developed country?
  - a) low death rate, low birth rate
  - b) low IMR, low death rate
  - c) **high birth rate, low GDP**
  - d) none of the above
3. What is the main criteria used by the World Bank in classifying countries?
  - a) **Per Capita Income**
  - b) National Income
  - c) GDP
  - d) Health status
4. Name the development whose fruits can be enjoyed for all times
  - a) Development
  - b) **Sustainable Development**
  - c) National Development
  - d) Individual Development
5. Which of the following countries has better performance in terms of human development than India?
  - a) Bangladesh
  - b) **Sri Lanka**
  - c) Pakistan
  - d) Nepal
6. What is the most important component of Development
  - a) **Income**
  - b) Literacy level
  - c) IMR
  - d) Birth rate
7. Which state of India has the highest literacy ratio and the lowest IMR?
  - a) Karnataka
  - b) Andhra Pradesh
  - c) **Kerala**
  - d) Punjab
8. What is the other name for Per Capita Income?
  - a) Total Income
  - b) **Average Income**
  - c) National Income
  - d) Sustainable Income

9. What is the sum of total goods and services produced in a year plus income from abroad?

- a) Average Income **b) National Income** c) Per Capita Income d) both a and b

10. HDI stands for what?

- a) Human Development Information **b) Human Development Index** c) Human Divergent Index d) Health Development Index

### FILL IN THE BLANKS

11. Countries with higher income are----- than others with less income

**Ans: More developed**

12.----- indicates the number of years a new born is expected to live

**Ans: Life expectancy at birth**

13. For calculating BMI, weight of a person is divided by its-----.

**Ans: Square of its height**

14.----- is the proportion of literate population in the 7 and above age group.

**Ans: Literacy rate**

15. Two important aspects of our lives other than income are ----- and-----

**Ans: Equal treatment, freedom**

### CORRECT THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT

16. Per capita income is calculated by dividing the Average income by its total population.

Ans: Per capita income is calculated by dividing the **Total income** by its total population.

17. National development refers to the ability of the world to improve the social welfare of its people.

Ans: National development refers to the ability of the **country** to improve the social welfare of its people.

18. Kerala has high IMR because it has adequate provisions of basic health and educational facilities

Ans: Kerala has **low IMR** because it has adequate provisions of basic health and educational facilities

19. BMI = Height of the person divided by Square of the weight

Ans.: BMI = **Weight** of the person divided by Square of the **height**

20. Economic Development can be indicated only by National Income and not by Per capita Income.

Ans: Economic Development can be indicated by National Income **and Per capita Income**

### **DEFINE THE FOLLOWING TERMS**

21. Infant Mortality Rate: The number of children that die before the age of one year as a proportion of 1000 live children born in that particular year.

22. Average Income: Average Income is the Total Income of the country divided by its population.

23. Literacy Rate: It is the proportion of literate population in the 7 and above age group.

24. Net Attendance Ratio: It is the total number of children of age group 14 and 15 years attending school as a percentage of total number of children in the same age group.

25. Sex Ratio: The total number of females per thousand males in a country.