



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: VIII	Department: Social Science	Date of submission:
Worksheet No: 4	Topic: TRADE TO TERRITORY	Year : 2020-21

1	Multiple Choice Questions
1	Who was the last powerful Mughal ruler? a) Akbar b) Jahangir c) Shahjahan d) Aurangzeb.
2	Who was the successor of Bengal after Alivardi Khan? a) Mir Qasim b) Mir Jafar c) Siraj-ud-daula d) Murshid Quli Khan.
3	What is a royal edict? a) Qazi b) Mehman c) Kaman d) Farman.
4	Which state was forced to cede territories on subsidiary forces? a) Delhi b) Mumbai c) Kitoor d) Hyderabad.
II	Fill in the blanks
5	Rayanna was a chowkidar of Sangoli in ----- Kitoor.
6	Robert Clive was appointed Governor of Bengal in----- 1764.
7	Haider Ali and Tipu Sultan were the rulers of ----- Mysore.
8	The Battle of Panipat was the first major victory for----- Britishers.
III	Very short answer type questions
9	What constituted the Mughal army? The Mughal army was mainly composed of cavalry and infantry.
10	How did Collector manage the law and order in his district? The Collector managed the law and order in his district with the help of judges, police officers and darogas.
11	Name the types of courts established under the new system of justice from 1772. Faujdari adalat and Diwani adalat.
12	Name the kingdoms which were annexed on the basis of Doctrine of Lapse. Satara, Sambalpur, Udaipur, Nagpur and Jhansi.
IV	Short answer type questions
10	Who were called "Nabobs"? Several Company officials returned to Britain with wealth and led flashy lives and showed their riches with great pride. They were called "nabobs".
11	What caused huge loss of revenue in Bengal? Aurangzeb's farman had granted the Company only the right to trade duty free. But the officials of the Company, who were carrying on private trade on side, also stopped paying duty. This caused a huge loss of revenue for Bengal.
12	What were the grievances of the Company regarding the Nawabs of Bengal?

The Company declared that the unjust demands of the local officials were ruining the trade of the Company.

Trade could flourish only if the duties were removed.

It was also convinced that to expand trade it had to enlarge its settlements, buy up villages and rebuild its forts.

V Answer in brief

13 Write a note on Tipu Sultan—The 'Tiger of Mysore'.

- Tipu Sultan was the famous ruler of Mysore. He ruled Mysore from 1782 to 1799.
- Under his leadership Mysore became very powerful. In 1785 Tipu Sultan stopped the export of Pepper, Cardamom etc. through the ports of his kingdom, and disallowed local merchants from trading with the Company.
- He also developed relationship with the French in India to modernize his army with their help.
- He was killed defending his capital Seringapatam. The way he resisted the British is undoubtedly praiseworthy.

14 Observe the following picture and answer the following questions:



- What is it?
- Where is it kept today?
- What does it do?
- How does it work?

ANSWERS.

- It is Tipu's toy tiger.
- It is kept in the Victoria and Albert Museum in London.
- It mauls a European soldier.
- It works when its handle is turned.