

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: XII	Department: Commerce	Date of submission:
Worksheet No:	Topic: Analysis of Financial statements	15/04/2020

MCQ's

- 1. The financial statements of a business enterprise include:
- (a) Balance sheet
- (b) Statement of Profit and loss account
- (c) Cash flow statement
- (d) All the above
- 2. The most commonly used tools for financial analysis are:
- (a) Horizontal analysis
- (b) Vertical analysis
- (c) Ratio analysis
- (d) All the above
- 3. An Annual Report is issued by a company to its:
- (a) Directors
- (b) Auditors
- (c) Shareholders
- (d) Management
- 4. Balance Sheet provides information about financial position of the enterprise:
- (a) At a point in time
- (b) Over a period of time
- (c) For a period of time
- (d) None of the above
- 5. Comparative statements are also known as:
- (a) Dynamic analysis
- (b) Horizontal analysis
- (c) Vertical analysis
- (d) External analysis
- 6. Under which sub heading Loose tools are shown in Companies balance Sheet as per Amended Act 2013.
- A. Fixed Assets- Tangible B. Inventories. C. Other Current Assets. D. Cash and cash Equivalent.
- 7. Which one of the following is not classified as Intangible Assets while preparing Companies Balance Sheet?
- A.Computer Software B.Licences & Franchise C.Computers D.Mining Rights.

8. Public Deposit is appears under the following heads in Balance Sheet.

	Main Heading	Sub Heading
A	Non-Current liabilities	Long Term Provision
В	Non-current liabilities	Long Term borrowings
С	Non-Current Liabilities	Other long term liabilities
D	Current Liabilities	Long Term Borrowings.

9. Capital Redemption Reserve is shown under following Heads in Balance Sheet as per schedule III of Companies Act 2013.

	Main Heading	Sub Heading
A	Shareholders Fund	Share capital
В	Shareholders Fund	Authorised share capital
С	Reserves and surplus	Shareholders Fund
D	Shareholders Fund	Reserves and surplus

- 10. The financial statement as per sec 2(40) of companies Act 2013 includes:
- A. Statement of Profit/Loss B. Balance Sheet. C. Cash Flow Statement. D. All of the above.
- 11. Which one of the following is not a tool for financial analysis?
- A. Common Size Income Statement. B. Ratio Analysis. C. Cash Flow Statement. D. Trial Balance.
- 12. Comparative Statement shows the trend and direction of financial position and operating results, this analysis is also called as
- A. Horizontal Analysis B. Vertical Analysis. C. Both A & B D. None A & B.
- 13. If the Revenue from operation for 2018-19 is Rs.1,00,000 and for 2017-18 is Rs.1,25,000, Then the percentage of absolute change is

A. 20%

B.25% c

C.-20%

D.-25%

- 14. Interest on loans given by a financial company is shown in the statement of profit and loss are:
 - (a) Revenue from operations (b) Other income (c) Other expenses (d) None of the above
- 15.Indicate the item which appears as Short-term Provision:
 - (a) Employment provident fund (b) Provision for expenses (c) Interest accrued but not due (d) Deferred Tax Liability
- 16.Debentures redeemable after 10 years of issue are shown as:
 - (a) Long-term Borrowings (b) Other long term liabilities (c) Short term borrowings (d) Other short term liabilities
- 17.Raw materials purchased is shown in the statement of profit and loss as:
 - (a) Purchases of stock-in-trade (b) Cost of Materials consumed (c) Changes in inventories of Finished goods, work in progress and stock -in- trade (d) None of the above.
- 18. From the following, identify the objective of Financial Statement Analysis:
 - (a) Inter-firm comparison (b) Qualitative aspect ignored (c) Not free from Bias (d) Customers
- 19. Which tool of Financial Analysis can be used to know the reason for changes in the financial performance of an enterprise?
 - (a) Comparative Income Statement (b) Comparative Balance Sheet (c) Common Size Income Statement (d) Common size Balance Sheet

- 20. Which item is assumed to be 100 while preparing Common-size Statement of Profit and Loss?
 - (a) Revenue from Operations (b) Cost of Revenue from Operations (c) Total Income (d) Total Expenses

BOARD QUESTIONS: 4 MARKS

1. Prepare a 'Comparative Statement of Profit & Loss' and Common size statement with the help of the following information

Particulars	2019-2018	2017- 2018
Revenue from operations	50,00,000	30,00,000
Expenses	22,00,000	12,00,000
Other Incomes	3,60,000	4,00,000
Income Tax	50%	50%

2. From the following information, prepare Comparative Income Statement and Common Size Income Statement

	31-03-19	31-03-18
Revenue from Operations (% of Other Income)	250%	250%
Other Income	4,20,000	2,40,000
Cost of Materials consumed	60%	50%
(% of Operating Revenue)		
Expenses (% of Material Cost)	10%	20%
Tax Rate	40%	40%

3. With the help of the following information obtained from the books of Raj Silk Mills, Prepare a common size & comparative income statement.

Particulars	31.3.2019	31.3.2018
Revenue from operations	30,00,000	40,00,000
Cost of material consumed Operating Expenses	20,00,000 10% of cost of materials consumed	22,00,000 10% of cost of materials consumed
Dividend Received	20,000	30,000
Tax	50%	50%

4. Prepare a Comparative Statement of Profit/Loss from the following information:

Particulars	31.3.2019	31.3.2018
Revenue from Operation	3,00,000	2,00,000
Cost of Revenue from operation	1,20,000	80,000
Employee benefit expenses	15,000	10,000
Interest on Investment	20,000	30,000
Tax Rate	50%	40%

5. From the following information, prepare Comparative Statement of Profit and Loss for ABC Ltd.,

	31st March 2018	31st March 2019
Revenue from Operations	5,00,000	4,00,000
Other Income	20,000	10,000
Cost of Materials Consumed	3,00,000	2,00,000
Employee Benefit Expense	60,000	40,000
Other Expenses	40,000	30,000
Tax Rate	30%	30%

6. Prepare a Comparative Statement of Profit and Loss from the following.

Particulars	Note No	2019	2018
Revenue from operations		1,00,000	1,30,000
Cost of material consumed		80,000	84,000
Dividend received		10,000	4,000
Income Tax@50%			

7. Prepare a Comparative Income Statement from the following:

Particulars	2019	2018
Revenue from Operation	90000	70,000
Cost of Rev. from operation	40,000	30,000
Other income	10% of revenue	30% of revenue
Administrative expenses	15,000	12,000
Tax rate	50%	40%

8. Prepare a Common-size Statement of Profit and Loss from the following.

Particulars	Note No	2018	2019
Revenue from operations		1,00,000	1,30,000
Cost of material consumed		80,000	84,000
Other incomes		10,000	4,000
Income Tax@50%			

9. Prepare a common size statement from the following for the year ended 31 st March, 2

Particulars	31st March ,2019
Revenue from Operations	17,00,000
Cost of Material Consumed	9,20,000
Depreciation Expenses	3,40,000
Interest on Investment	90,000
Taxes Payable	@50%

10. Prepare Common Sized Balance Sheet from the following information:

PARTICULARS	2019
Share capital	12,00,000
P& L Account	1,00,000
10% Loan	4,00,000
Other current liabilities	2,00,000
Land & Building	13,00,000
Patents	3,00,000
Trade receivables	3,00,000

11. Prepare Comparative Balance Sheet from the following information:

PARTICULARS	2018	2019
Share capital	20,00,000	24,00,000
General reserve	4,00,000	2,00,000
10% loan	10,00,000	8,00,000
Other current liabilities	2,00,000	4,00,000
Building	24,00,000	26,00,000
Patents	8,00,000	6,00,000
Trade receivables	4,00,000	6,00,000

12. Following is the Statement of Profit and Loss of Moon India Ltd. for the year ended 31st March 2015.

Particulars	Note	31.3.2016	31.3.2015
	No.		
Revenue from			
operations		50,00,000	40,00,000
Other Incomes		2,00,000	10,00,000
Employee benefit		60% of total	50% of total
expenses		Revenue	Revenue
Other Expenses		10% of employee	20% of employee
		benefit expenses	benefit expenses
Tax Rate		50%	40%

The motto of Moon India Ltd. is to produce and distribute green energy in the backward areas of India. It has also taken up a project of giving vocational training to the girls belonging to the backward areas of Rajasthan. You are required to prepare a comparative statement of Profit and Loss of Moon India Ltd. from the given statement of Profit and Loss and also identify any two values that the company wishes to convey to the society

13. The motto of 'Nav Hind Pharma Limited', a company engaged in the manufacturing and distribution of Aurvedic medicines, is 'Healthy India'. Its management and employees are hardworking, honest and motivated. The net profit of the company doubled during the year ended 31.3.2014. Encouraged by its performance, the company decided to pay one month's extra salary to all its employees.

Following is the Comparative Statement of Profit and Loss of the company for the years ended 31.3.2013 and 31.3.2014:

Nav Hind Pharma Limited Comparative Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	Note No.	2012 - 13	2013 - 14 Rs	Absolute Change Rs.	
Revenue from operations		40,00,000	60,00,000	20,00,000	5 0
Less : Employees benefit expenses		24,00,000	28,00,000	4,00,000	16.67
Profit before tax		16,00,000	32,00,000	16,00,000	100
Tax @ 50%		8,00,000	16,00,000	8,00,000	100
Profit after tax		8,00,000	16,00,000	8,00,000	100

- (i) Calculate Net Profit Ratio for the years ending 31.3.2013 and 31.3.2014.
- (ii) Identify any two values which 'Nav Hind Pharma Limited' is trying to communicate.

14. Nimani Ltd. is into the business of back office operations. Honesty and hard work are the two pillars on which the business has been built. It has a good turnover and profits. Encouraged by huge profits, it decided to give the workers bonus equal to two month salary. Following is the Comparative Statement of Profit and Loss of Nimani Ltd. for the years ended 31st March 2013 and 2014.

Particulars	2017-18(₹)	2016-17(₹)	Ab. Change	% change	
Revenue from Operation	1: 20,00,000	?	10,00,000	50	
Less. Indirect Expenses	8,00,000	10,00,000	?	25	
Profit before tax	12,00,000	20,00,000	8,00,000	?	
Tax @ 40%	?	?	?	66.67	
Profit after Tax	?	?	?	66.67	

⁽i)Complete the following table.

(ii)Calculate Net profit Ratio for the year ended 31.3.2018 and 31.3.2017.