



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class XI – MATHEMATICS Winter Holiday Work Sheet

1. Prove that: $\frac{\sin A - \sin 3A + \sin 5A - \sin 7A}{\cos A - \cos 3A - \cos 5A + \cos 7A} = \cot 2A$
2. In any ΔABC , prove $\frac{a^2 + b^2}{a^2 + c^2} = \frac{1 + \cos(A-B).\cos C}{1 + \cos(A-C).\cos B}$
3. Find the image of the point (3, 8) in the line $x + 3y = 7$
4. Prove by using the principle of mathematical induction for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$:
$$\frac{1}{1.2.3} + \frac{1}{2.3.4} + \frac{1}{3.4.5} + \dots + \frac{1}{n(n+1)(n+2)} = \frac{n(n+3)}{4(n+1)(n+2)}$$
5. Prove by using the principle of mathematical induction for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$, that $x^{2n} - y^{2n}$ is divisible by $x + y$
6. In a town of 10000 families, it was found that 40% families buy newspaper A, 20% families buy newspaper B and 10% families buy newspaper C. 5% families buy A and B, 3% families buy B and C and 4% families buy A and C. If 2% families buy all the three newspapers, find the number of families which buy
(i) A only (ii) B only (iii) none of A, B or C
7. Find the value of 'n' so that $\frac{a^{n+1} + b^{n+1}}{a^n + b^n}$ may be Geometric Mean between 'a' and 'b'
8. Find the sum of 'n' terms of the series : $0.5 + 0.55 + 0.555 + \dots + n$ terms
9. In the expansion of $\left(x^2 - \frac{1}{x}\right)^{12}$, find (i) 4th term, (ii) term independent of x
10. A committee of 8 students is to be selected from 8 boys and 6 girls. In how many ways this can be done if each group is to consists of at least 3 boys and 3 girls.
11. Prove that $\cos^2 x + \cos^2 \left(x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \cos^2 \left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{3}{2}$
12. Let $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$, $A = \{2, 4, 6\}$, $B = \{3, 5\}$ and $C = \{1, 2, 4, 7\}$ Find,
(i) $(A \cup B) \cap C$ (ii) $A \cap (B \cup C)$ (iii) $C - A$ (iv) $(B - A) \cup (A - B)$
13. The relation R is defined as, $R = \{(x, x + 5) : x \in \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}\}$
Write R in roster form and write its domain and range.

14. Find the value of $2 \sin^2 \left(\frac{3\pi}{4} \right) + 2 \cos^2 \left(\frac{3\pi}{4} \right) - 2 \tan^2 \left(\frac{3\pi}{4} \right)$
15. Solve the inequality $\frac{(2x-1)}{3} \geq \frac{(3x-2)}{4} - \frac{(2-x)}{5}$
16. Find the angle between the lines $y = (2 - \sqrt{3})(x + 5)$ and $y = (2 + \sqrt{3})(x - 7)$
17. Which number is larger : $(1.2)^{4000}$ or 800
18. For the post of 5 clerks, there are 25 applicants. 2 Posts are reserved for SC candidates and remaining for others. There are 7 SC candidates among the applicants. In how many ways can the selection be done?
19. Find 'n' if ${}^{2n-1}P_n : {}^{2n+1}P_{n-1} = 22 : 7$
20. Write the complex number $\frac{1+7i}{(2-i)^2}$ in polar form
21. Show that $2^{4n} - 15n - 1$ is divisible by 225.
22. If C_1, C_2, C_3 and C_4 are the coefficients of $2^{\text{nd}}, 3^{\text{rd}}, 4^{\text{th}}$ and 5^{th} terms respectively in the Binomial expansion of $(1 + x)^n$, then prove that $\frac{C_1}{C_1 + C_2} + \frac{C_3}{C_3 + C_4} = \frac{2 C_2}{C_2 + C_3}$
23. How many words can be made by using all letters of the word 'MATHEMATICS' in which all vowels are never together.
24. Find the sum of the series $\frac{n-1}{n} + \frac{n-2}{n} + \frac{n-3}{n} + \dots$ to 'n' terms
25. Prove that the straight lines $2x + 5y - 1 = 0$, $3x - 2y + 8 = 0$ and $7x + 3y + 11 = 0$ are concurrent.